# **Three Words**

## **TEXT:** Acts 11:11-14

## **INTRODUCTION:**

- A. WE ARE SAVED BY THE WORDS OF THE GOSPEL (Rom. 1:16).
  - 1. They must be the right words (1 Tim. 6:4; 2 Tim. 1:13; Titus 1:9).
  - 2. Those words must be understood properly.
- B. MUCH ERROR IS THE RESULT OF REDIFINING BASIC WORDS TO FIT BELIEFS.
- C. WE WANT TO LOOK AT THREE OF THOSE WORDS.
- I. FAITH (Rom. 5:1-2).
- A. THE TENDANCY IS TO LIMIT THIS WORD TO ITS NARROWEST MEANING ... ACCEPTING THE GOSPEL AS TRUE.
- B. IN THE SCRIPTURES THERE ARE TWO ASPECTS OF FAITH (Heb. 11:6):
  - 1. There is a God.
    - a. God's testimony (Psa. 19:1; Rom. 1:20).
    - b. Man's smallness (Psa. 8:1-4).
    - c. God created man ... on purpose (Gen. 1:26). With a purpose (Ecc. 12:13-14).
    - d. Intelligent design vs. monkeys at a typewriter. Purpose or accident?

### Where did it all come from?

- e. Jesus is God's Son (John 20:30-31). The gospel is true!
- 2. Faith includes trust, or it is incomplete (Heb. 11:6).
  - a. Trust and obey (Mark 16:16).
  - b. Trust in God in impossible circumstances (**Heb. 11:17-19**). Heroes of faith.
    - Bro. Cassius èJump through this wall! God will make the hole.
  - c. Faith produces what? (Gal. 5:6).
  - d. Faith without works (James 2:24).
  - e. By faith, Abraham obeyed (Heb. 11:8; Rom. 16:25-26).

## II. GRACE (Eph. 2:8).

- A. DEFINITION: "good-will, loving-kindness, favor" (Thayer). SAVED BY GRACE.
- B. TWO INCORRECT DEFINITIONS:
  - 1. Unconditional Favor No passage demands that it is unconditional.
  - 2. Unmerited Favor We teach "unmerited" because the context of our faith demands it.
- C. SALVATION IS A FREE GIFT A PRODUCT OF GRACE. HOW DOES IT WORK.
  - 1. Though man must be active, his salvation comes neither through his own wisdom (1 Cor. 1:21), or his own merit (Rom. 3:9-10).
  - 2. Titus 3:4-5. Salvation comes by way of mercy, not merit (Luke 17:10).

#### No room for boasting!

- 3. Are works necessary? In **Ephesians 2**, faith is a work. It is man's part.
- 4. Some contend that faith is the gift, therefore God's work in us. (see John 6:28-29). Whose work is faith?
- 5. Conditions given (1 John 1:6-7; Mark 16:16; James 1:22; Heb. 5:8-9).

## III. WORKS (James 2:24).

- A. SOME SEE WORKS IN OPPOSITION TO FAITH AND GRACE. THEY EQUATE WORKS WITH MERIT, AND BELITTLE LAW-KEEPING.
- B. WHEN THE BIBLE TALKS ABOUT WORKS, OBEDIENCE TO GOD IS MEANT.

- 1. Salvation is conditioned on obedience (Heb. 5:8-9; 2 Thess. 1:7-9).
- 2. Disobedience equated with disbelief (Heb. 3:18-19).
- 3. Obedience is necessary to salvation.
- C. NOT ALL WORKS QUALIFY AS OBEDIENCE.
  - 1. Not by works WHICH HE DEVISES FOR HIMSELF (Col. 2:8; Prov. 14:12).
  - 2. Not by works OF THE OLD LAW (Gal. 2:16; Heb. 10:1-4).
  - 3. Not by works OF MERIT (Eph. 2:8-9; Luke 17:10).
  - 4. Not by works **THAT DO NOT DEVELOP** or in which he has become **COMPLACENT** (**1 Cor. 15:58**; **Jas. 1:22**).
  - 5. JUSTIFIED BY WORKS OF THE GOSPEL( Gal. 5:6). What are they?
    - a. Believe on his Son( John 3:16; Heb. 11:6).
    - b. Repent of our sins( Acts 17:30-31 ).
    - c. All will confess( Phil. 2:9; Rom. 10:10 ).
    - d. Baptism( Acts 2:38 ).
    - e. Rom. 6:3-4; 2 Cor. 5:14-15. Newness of Life

### CONCLUSION: HAVE YOU BEEN SAVED?

- A. GOD'S GRACE IS FOR YOU.
- B. DO YOU BELIEVE AND TRUST HIS WORD?
- C. HAVE YOU OBEYED THE LORD?